Fact Sheet - Thailand

Official Name	Kingdom of Thailand
Capital	Bangkok (population 10 million)
Area	513,115 sq km (about 1/6 th of area of India)
Provinces	77 provinces including one Specially Governed District (Bangkok)
Major cities	Bangkok, Chiang Mai, Phuket, Khon Kaen, Nakhonn Ratchasima, Ubon
	Ratchathanee, Hat Yai and Udon Thani
Population	67.19 million (2014) population growth rate – 0.7% per annum
Religion	Buddhist 95%, Muslims 3.8%, Christians 0.5%, others 1.7%.
Ethnic Groups	Thais, Chinese, Malays, the Burmese, Lao, Khmers
Currency	Baht (1 US\$ - 35.50 Baht – December 2015)
National Day	5 December (Birthday of HM King Bhumibol Adulyadej)
Languages	Thai, Chinese, English
Climate	Tropical: temperatures vary between 19 C to 38 C
Government	Constitutional Monarchy with Parliamentary Democracy
	The revolution of 1932 brought an end to absolute monarchy and
	replaced it with a Constitutional Monarchy. The democratic system has
	been weak and the country was ruled by a succession of military leaders
	installed after coups, the most recent in 2014. Thailand has so far had
	twenty Constitutions; however the basic structure of government has
	remained the same.
Head of State	HM Bhumibol Adulyadej, the 9 th King (Rama IX) of the House of Chakri, is
	the world's longest-serving ruler (since 1946). The king is titled as the
	upholder of the Buddhist religion & the defender of all faiths. Crown
	Prince is HRH Maha Vajiralongkorn.
Head of	General Prayut Chan-o-cha is the Prime Minister since August 2014. He
Government	is also Head of the National Council for Peace and Order (NCPO)
Ministry of	Mr. Don Pramudwinai was appointed as Minister of Foreign Affairs on 24
Foreign Affairs	August 2015.
Economy	Thailand is an emerging economy which is heavily export-dependent,
	with exports accounting for more than two thirds of GDP. The industrial
	(39%) and the service sectors serve as the two main sectors in the Thai
	GDP. Agricultural sector shares only 8.6 % of the GDP – lower than trading
	sector (13.5%) and the logistics & communication sector (9.6%). The
	construction & mining sector 4.3% to the country's GDP. Other service
	sectors - which include the financial, the educational, the hotel sectors
	etc account for 25 % GDP.

Major Exports	automobile parts and accessories, precious stones and jewelry, rice,
Major Exports	rubber, electronic ICs; refined fuels, iron and steel products, chemical
NA	products, polymers of ethylene, propylene, machinery etc.
Major Imports	crude oil, machinery & parts, chemicals, electrical machinery, iron and
	steel products, jewelry including silver bars & gold, computers and parts,
	other metal ores, natural gas, fertilizer & pesticides etc.
Major crops	Rice, Rubber, Sugarcane, Cassava, Pineapple, Maize
Major Trading	Japan, China, USA, Malaysia, Singapore, Australia, Hong Kong, Indonesia,
Partners	, S. Korea, UAE
GDP Nominal	US\$ 373.5 billion; GDP PPP – US\$ 1.1 trillion (IMF Oct 2015 E)
GDP per capita	US\$ 5,426 (IMF 2015); GDP PPP per capita- US\$ 16,081 (IMF 2015 E)
Total Thai Exports	US\$ 230 billion (2013)
Total Thai Imports	US\$ 250 billion (2013)
Indian Exports	US\$ 3.04 billion (2014)
Indian Imports	US\$ 5.62 billion (2014)
Time Zone	GMT + 7 hours (IST + 1hr 30 Minutes)
Calling code	+66
Indian community	There are an estimated 200,000 people of Indian origin in Thailand, many
and organizations	of them having lived in the country for several generations. The
	community comprises of Punjabis, Namdhari and other Sikh sects,
	Gorakhpuris, Tamils and Sindhis. India-Thai Chamber of Commerce;
	India-Thai Business Association; IIT Alumni Association; Indian Women's
	Club; Guru Singh Sabha; Thai-Bharat Cultural Lodge; Sindhi Association;
	Tamil Muslim Association; South Indian Association
Air-links	Air connectivity is growing with 140 flights per week by Air India, Jet Air,
	Indigo, SpiceJet, Thai, Cathay Pacific, Air Asia, Druk Air etc reflecting
	rapidly growing passenger traffic between the two countries. Bangkok is
	connected by air to 9 Indian destinations.
	,

January 2016